

## Teacher Guide to Implementing MC<sup>2</sup> Thinking Protocol for Student Self-Assessment

Purpose	Activity	Materials
Part 1: Preparation during	1. In a PLC or with a colleague, develop or	Rich math problems aligned to CCSS-M
Professional Learning	select a formative assessment task to	(Open-ended tasks)
Community (PLC)	administer to students (item should be	
	based on instruction that students are	MC <sup>2</sup> PARCC Practice Test Item Packets
Why a rubric?	currently engaged in or have previously	https://mc2.nmsu.edu/teachers/prepari
	experienced in class). Curriculum	ng-for-parcc/
Establishing the rubric before	resources or released PARCC test items	
implementing the <i>Thinking</i>	are good sources for tasks. Think about:	PARCC Released Items <u>https://parcc-</u>
Protocol is crucial because	<ul> <li>What is the math content in the problem?</li> </ul>	assessment.org/released- items/?fwp_subject_facet=mathematics
without first setting the	What math practices could be	
criteria we tend to skew our	highlighted?	PARCC Math Practice Tests
evaluation and understanding	<ul> <li>How does it connect to what students</li> </ul>	https://parcc.pearson.com/practice-
of student work. For	are learning in class?	tests/math/
example, we become lenient		
and assume understanding	<b>2.</b> Each member of the team should <b>do the</b>	PARCC Answer Keys/Rubrics
when we see how much	math problem showing how they would	https://parcc-assessment.org/answer-
effort a student exerts in	expect students to complete the task.	keys/
solving the problem.		
	3. As a team, agree on the mathematical	Illustrative Mathematics
	goals of the task.	https://www.illustrativemathematics.or
		g/content-standards
	4. Develop a rubric to be used to sort	
	student work into piles based on	
	evidence.	
	Following is an example of a PARCC-	
	aligned scoring rubric.	
	Level 1: Did not yet meet expectations	
	Level 2: Partially met expectations	
	Level 3: Approached expectations	
	Level 4: Met expectations	
	Level 5: Exceeded expectations	
	<b>TIP:</b> It is easiest to agree first on Level 4,	
	then move up and down to develop other	
	indicators.	
	A more general rubric may also be used,	
	such as:	
	Level 1: Strong Math Understanding	
	Level 2: Incomplete Math Understanding	
	or Misconception	
	Level 3: Little/Not Math Understanding	



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Part 2: Administration of Task to Students	Set aside at least 15-20 minutes of instructional time for students to:	Copy of student task for each student
Why a task? The intention of administering a task is to capture the journey of mathematical thinking and build a stronger understanding of mathematics through conversations. This takes effort and thought and doesn't always come out perfect the first time.	<ol> <li>Think individually (3+ Minutes)–Have students think about the problem alone, answer the questions below, and write down their reasoning or problem-solving strategy using one of the pencils.</li> <li>What do I know about the problem?</li> <li>What questions do I have?</li> <li>Explain my reasoning or thinking in solving the problem.</li> </ol>	<b>2 pencils and/or pen</b> (each with different color lead/ink) for each student
	Then ask students to self-asses and write the word <b>Green</b> , <b>Yellow</b> or <b>Red</b> on the top of their paper (or place a colored dot) which corresponds with what they are feeling about their thinking. <b>Green</b> - "I am confident in my answer and my thinking and need no more time to think alone." <b>Yellow</b> - "I am not sure with my answer or thinking and need a little time to talk with somebody about my ideas." <b>Red</b> - "I am not confident in my answer or reasoning and need to do some more learning about the math." <b>2. Think with a partner (5+ Minutes)</b> –Have students share their solutions and responses to the questions above with a partner. Using a different pencil, they can	Colored dots (Green, Yellow, Red) for each student
	<ul> <li>change or add to their answer and/or add any new insights they learned. Remind students that no erasing is allowed. Make sure both partners have a chance to share.</li> <li><b>3.</b> Think with the class (6+ Minutes)–Have students share different solution strategies with the whole class. Summarize and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>record different strategies used.</li> <li><b>4. Reflect on the process (1+ Minute)</b>–Have students reflect on the task and identify: <ul> <li>What was easy/hard about the problem?</li> <li>How did the Thinking Protocol support your math understanding?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	For additional student reflection questions, go to the link below: <u>https://mc2.nmsu.edu/teachers/5-</u> ways-to-implement/#2
	<ol> <li>Collect and sort the student work based on the rubric developed in PLC. There is no need to score the work (alpha/numeric/ percent), only complete an initial sort.</li> </ol>	



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Part 3: Collaborative Reflection during PLC Why reflect? High levels of reflection are a practice that is best fostered with colleagues. It provides a good sense of when teachers need to step back and think deeply and promotes better understanding of what is/isn't working.	<ol> <li>Review student work and analyze the different solution strategies which students used to solve the problem.</li> <li>In a PLC, discuss what data this process/ task provides. Consider what instructional strategies are needed to support students' development of Mathematical Practices and flexibility in problem solving.</li> </ol>	Student work (Sorted based on rubric developed/selected in PLC during Part 1) MC <sup>2</sup> Thinking Protocol Data Collection & Analysis Tool https://mc2.nmsu.edu/teachers/5- ways-to-implement/#2
	<ul> <li>3. Pay attention to the students' self-assessment: <ul> <li>Students who self-assessed as Green but were wrong in their answer and/or reasoning: This may indicate a student misconception which needs to be clarified.</li> <li>Students who self-assessed as Red and their answer and/or reasoning was correct OR had a correct answer and changed it after talking to a partner: This could be that the student lacks confidence in their thinking and communicating/defending their ideas to others.</li> </ul></li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4. Reflect about:</li> <li>What do students understand? Where is the evidence in the student work?</li> <li>What were misconceptions/gaps in the students' knowledge? Where is the evidence in the student work?</li> <li>What were the instructional strategies or classroom experiences that can help move the learning forward?</li> <li>How can the protocol be used to build math confidence in students?</li> <li>How are the Common Core and Math Practice Standards advanced using the MC<sup>2</sup> Thinking Protocol as classroom warm-up problems?</li> </ul>	